

Nairobi work programme (NWP) on impacts, vulnerability and adaptation to climate change - Informal consultation SBSTA5 (c)

04 Jun. 2024

10:00h - 11:00h

Note taker: Clara Gurreød (Kiel University)

Notes

Secretariat presentation: Nairobi work programme: role and evolution:

- Focus on scaling of adaptation action, particularly in priority areas
- More than 450 NWP partners
- Prepared two reports: annual progress report since last year and five year report
- Progress of NWP (2019-2024):
 - enhanced country and region-specific actions through *Lima Adaptation Knowledge Initiative* and *UN climate change and universities partnership programme*
 - Priority thematic areas
 - Provided support for SIDS and LDCs for formulating and implementing NAPs
 - Provided technical support to constituted bodies in implementing the work plans
 - Monitoring, evaluation and learning (eg. knowledge products, events/forums, Adaptation Knowledge Portal)

Chair: welcomes comments, feedback, suggestions to advance work on the NWP from the parties

Dominican Republic (on behalf of AOSIS):

- Welcomes the progress reports
- Due to different circumstances not all regions are impacted similarly
- For SIDS water systems are priorities. Hope this thematic area can keep being considered in future work

Russia:

- Want to acknowledge work on the NWP in the last years. All work highlighted in the reports is relevant.
- The NWP experience in working with other constituted bodies is good practice for other work we're doing here. Appreciate NWP's role in disseminating knowledge
- Importance of mountains and cc

Nepal:

- Mountain regions are extremely vulnerable and also downstream areas and countries
- NWP has an important role in disseminating knowledge about mountains

China (on behalf of ??):

- Let us realise the progress in previous years
- The reports covered a lot of things but some things still missing:
 - Re. constituted bodies: quite little language around how to engage with other constituted bodies, esp re finance and capacity building. There is no elaboration on how work has been done. Also particularly related to specific countries and what work has been done there. That is an important basis for the next steps.
 - How to collaborate with other constituted bodies is important for making the most of existing resources
 - Would like to know more about developing countries leadership in the different areas: relevant for knowing how to make the constituted bodies work (?)
 - In the template for the progress report for 2024-2025: would like space where countries can show case their work. We propose that this should be included
 - Re. technology transfer: there is mention of low carbon tech but we would like more mention of resilience technology. There is a lot of technology related to mountain areas, eg. water conservation
 - Agriculture and food security is not mentioned in the report. This knowledge should continue to be disseminated
 - Re. UAE climate resilience framework: how can it collaborate with the NWP? Especially in relation to the GGA. What kind of tasks should be addressed for the NWP to serve the GGA? We should consider the connections

Chile (AILAC):

- The reports are indicative of the difficulties of the challenges NWP is facing
- Latin America and Caribbean is underconsidered/underrepresented
- Lack of financial resources is a concern and the reason why NWP has not been able to meet its mandate in all regions. Necessary to increase the budget of NWP
- The annual report highlights the importance of delivering practical solutions
- Tools need to be available in Spanish so practitioners can use them
- Should be a priority to go from research to action
- AILAC supports the findings re. the mountain regions. Technology transfer issues still exist. Technology should be suited to local areas

Ghana (on behalf of African Group):

- The report from 2019-2023: identified a lot of priority areas knowledge gaps. Would like to know how the other knowledge gaps are addressed. Need to increase the work on what knowledge is being produced (?)
- Of the knowledge gaps identified on the African continent only few of the knowledge gaps identified had been developed
- We did not see anything about East Africa re. mountains. Going forward, work should be done on the East African region
- Would like to give co-chairs a mandate to come up with a draft decision

India:

- Substantial progress on NWP would require scaling up work to include sub-regions
- More attention to human resources limitation, financial and technological capacity limitations as a barrier for the NWP work

Brazil:

- Need to enhance work on caribbean and latin america
- The effectiveness of the NWP requires finance. No further actino in thie area is possible without adequate support
- Increase participation from our region in the university partnership programme. Currently very little participation from Latin America
- Would like to be included in the workshops next year to identify priority areas
- Ready to give mandate to co-chairs to draft a decision

USA:

- Need for NWP to further strengthen its work with the AC going forward
- The focal point forum would be an excellent space for sharing experiences and knowledge
- Support mandate to co-chairs

Kuwait (on behalf of Arab Group):

- Welcome the two reports
- Would like to increase work with universities to incldue desertification and other slow onset events
- Technical support: would like to include all developing countries to formaulate NAPs
- Continue to refine the models for NWP activities
- Also want to consider linkages bewteen NWP and UAE framework

Norway:

- Take note that regional ?? has been strengthened
- Would like to highlight that organisations can assist the NWP work on resilience
- The programme can contribute to develop methodologies and adaptation indicators etc

Japan:

- NWP can create synergeis with UAE framework
- Collaboration with GGA should take place within the resources available

EU:

- The adaptation agenda is fragmented. UAE framework can scale up work on adaptation. Want to underline importance of synergies between different work streams related to adaptation
- Committed to support the mandate of NWP to support all countries incl SIDS and LDCs
- Suggest to ensure adequate linkages between NWP and UAE framework. Would like to see this in the conclusions
- Encourage partners to continue to support the work of NWP

- Don't want to overburden the NWP with work outside of its scope, which would undermine the ability to achieve its goals

Senegal (on behalf of LDCs):

- Support Ghana's call to include more regions
- Need more financial support to scale up work under NWP. Call on developed parties and other relevant organisations to provide the necessary financial support
- Disseminating knowledge products is crucial

South Africa:

- Priorities are evolving all the time as temperatures increase
- Need to strengthen coordination between NWP and UNFCCC contact points esp re. what work gets to be undertaken at the national level. UNFCCC contact points need to be aware of the work taking place
- Re. NWP and UAE framework: one of the activities NWP could explore would be related to (para 38a?) on exchange of knowledge

Chair:

- Next meeting on Friday afternoon
- Please send inputs before. We will provide a text suggestion ahead of next meeting