

UNFCCC COP23, Nov 7th 2017

Ad Hoc working group on the Paris Agreement (APA 1.4)

Informal consultation on agenda item 6, Global Stocktake (GST)

Chamber Hall, Bula Zone, Bonn, Germany

Agenda Item 6: Matters relating to the global stocktake referred to in Article 14 of the Paris Agreement:

- (a) Identification of the sources of input for the global stocktake;
- (b) Development of the modalities of the global stocktake.

RINGO Notes

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Co-Facilitators: Richard Muyungi (Tanzania), Outi Honkatukia (Finland)

Welcome from facilitators:

- This is the first meeting on this agenda item
- Many pre-submissions, with lots of content
- Plan to dedicate time for oral reflections in this meeting
- After reflections, facilitators share views on organization of work during the session

Reflections on the preceding round table on Sunday Nov 5, 2017:

- Round table comprised of 2 main parts
- Formal setting for participants to brainstorm on GST
- After icebreakers, focused on understanding the three organizational models
- Good interaction between round table participants
- Views on what activities to undertake in the GST are similar, even if the views on how to do so and when to do it were divergent
- More time in the round table could have been useful
- Keep an eye on the Talanoa Dialogue
- Facilitators felt the round table achieved its purpose of being a formal brainstorming session
- 5 icebreaker presentations are posted on the GST webpage in the UNFCCC website
- Floor open for country reflections:
 - o Philippines: In the G77, want to draw notice to key aspects of the GST that should be kept in mind
 - Recall the comprehensive nature of the GST
 - Should include Mitigation, adaption, and loss and damage
 - Highlight importance of addressing loss and damage
 - o EU: Consider roundtable a success, contrastive, positive, interactive
 - particularly likely addressed GST in a practical manner
 - See template with building blocks as a tool, to identify options in organizing the GST, encourage the use of this template
 - Hope to continue practical manner of discussion and focus on organizational aspects needed to make the GST fully operational
 - o Canada: Helpful roundtable, reflections and suggestions
 - Thought discussions at the roundtable were organized well
 - Suggestions for organization of work:
 - Systematic way of dealing with the building blocks of guidance, starting with modalities, and moving to input
 - Discussion on the principle of equity, useful to frame discussion of equity
 - o How do parties define equity?
 - o How do we see it being applied?
 - o What do we see as ways to implement equity in practice?
 - Would be good to highlight the areas of convergence between the models of setting up the GST
 - o Norway:

- Learned a lot about each other's views and observed Talanoa spirit in the discussions
 - Saw commonalities but they may have been communicated differently
- India:
 - Linking the facilitative dialogue 2018 with the GST would not be the correct way to go about things, different timeframes
 - See overeagerness to get into discussion before we see action on indices, then we can get into a meaningful assessment of what has been done
 - Developed countries should lead in mitigation, as clearly mentioned in the Paris Agreement
- Switzerland:
 - Discussion on equity in the Bonn zone today at 6:30
- Brazil: Speaking on behalf of Brazil, Argentina and Uruguay
 - Concerned about the break out sessions, but in the roundtable these worked well
 - Need a clear outcome for the GST, outcome should not be a "name and shame", output from GST should be viewed as an input for updating the NDCs
- China: fully support the Philippines statement on behalf of G77 and China
 - Parties only got to express views on the procedural elements
 - Issues about the outcome of GST and equity need to be talked about
 - Hard and efficient work needed in order to produce text by next year
- Saudi Arabia: speaking on behalf of the Arab world
 - Roundtable was fruitful but missed many issues
 - Need to address global goals, finance, technology, and other means of implementation in the GST
 - Equity also needs to be addressed
 - Should find the convergence and also divergence areas
- Ghana:
 - Would have liked to have more time in the roundtable
 - Template and building blocks were helpful, but need more time
 - Equity is an important issue
- New Zealand:
 - How to operationalize the link to the Talanoa dialogue?
 - Feel we don't need to operationalize a link
 - They are linked by overarching questions
 - And they are both framed by the underlying ethos
 - With respect to equity, we all agree it needs to be included in the GST
 - But we disagree about what it means, where it should be addressed, and how, and what does that look like in practice?
 - Need to address the divergence of equity, this is driving some anxiety and slowing progress
 - Paris agreement states that National determination of NDC and also the evaluation of the NDC, GST should respect that national determination is needed
 - Some output of GST should be input for NDCs
 - Support discussion on outputs and equity first, the moving on to the operational aspects, phases etc.
- Australia: fruitful roundtable
 - Agree with India and Philippines
 - Found there was convergence on the general idea of what the GST is and what it should do
- Maldives:
 - GST should use best available science, IPCC input should be included
 - Loss and damage is important to include in the GST of overall NDCs
 - Should be mindful that the GST is to inform the future NDCs
- Costa Rica: speaking on behalf of AILAC, and agree with Philippines
 - GST seen as ambition mechanism, and as crucial to the Paris Agreement
 - Would have liked an informal note as outcome of the roundtable

- Discussions on GST should start with what the outcome of the GST should be
 - See the GST as a cyclical process to ratchet up NDCs over time
- Japan:
 - Useful to view different proposals and how they would work in practice
- Iran:
 - roundtable was useful in gaining understanding on other parties views and some practical considerations on the GST
 - Principle of equity is important, common but differentiated responsibilities should also be applied
 - Needs and priorities of developing countries are important to include
 - GST should respect the national determination nature stated in the Paris Agreement
 - GST should also address the various barriers to implementation, and look at actual progress made, rather than projections and scenarios
 - GST should not be a multiyear process, one year should be the target, with information gathering potentially starting before
 - GST should not be prescriptive, only descriptive
 - Premature to talk about follow-ups to GST before lessons learned from GST are known

Wrap up by co-facilitator, Richard: 5 points

- Agreement that Sunday (roundtable) was time well spent
- Appetite for designing the GST from start to finish in Bonn
- Support for the building blocks approach
- Design of process is the specialty of the UNFCCC
- Yes there are three different model for GST, and we need to get to a text. We hope to maintain all views and keep them on the table here in Bonn, rather than narrowing the options early

Final statement from the facilitators:

- Next meeting tomorrow (Nov 8th) 4-6pm in Chamber Hall
- Meeting is adjourned: 5:14pm

(After meeting has been officially adjourned)

- Norway asks what the first topic of discussion will be? Perhaps equity?
- Co-facilitator responds that equity will not be discussed tomorrow, will start with discussion on modalities
- Philippines and New Zealand repeat that it would be useful to start with discussion of outcomes

Meeting adjourned in practice: 5:21pm